

TOTAL QUESTIONS-20,
TIME – 20 MINUTES,
MARKS –20
ARENA OF GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

1. With which of the following period do we associate the 'microlith' implements?
 (a) palaeolithic (b) Mesolithic (c) Neolithic (d) chalcolithic
2. The world is God and God is my soul' is the philosophy contained in the :
 (a) Vedas (b) Puranas (c) Brahamanas (d) Upanishads
3. The ritualistic precepts attached to the hymns of the Vedas were known as the:
 (a) Brahmanas (b) Samhitas (c) Upanishads (d) Aranyakas
4. The main cause of the tribal wars among the early Aryan settlers, the most famous of which is mentioned in Rigveda as "Battle of Ten Kings", was
 (a) cattle and land disputes (b) foreign invasions
 (c) showing supremacy (d) intrigues of the leaders
5. Which of the following transferred his capital from Pataliputra to Vaishali ?
 (a) Bimbisara (b) Ajatsatru (c) Udayin (d) Shishunaga
6. Which of the following Mauryan emperors abdicated his throne and migrated to the south to live as Jain ascetic?
 (a) Chandragupta Maurya (b) Ashoka
 (c) Bindusara (d) Dasaratha
7. Charaka was the court physician of :
 (a) Kanishka (b) Chandragupta Maurya (c) Ashoka (d) Harshavardhana
8. The Mansabdari system introduced by Akbar was borrowed from the system in:
 (a) Turkey (b) Persia (c) Afghanistan (d) Mongolia
9. The battle of Dharmat was fought between:
 (a) Muhammad Ghor and Jai Chand (b) Babar and the Afghans
 (c) Aurangzeb and DaraShikoh (d) Ahmad Shai Durrani and the Marathas
10. In medieval. India, during the reign of Shivaji, the role of the official called 'Chitnis' was to:
 (a) be the in charge of kings personal security guard
 (b) be the in-charge of intelligence/espionage activity
 (c) be the master of ceremonies in the royal court
 (d) be assisting the king with his correspondence
11. The Narendra Mandal or Chamber of Princes was inaugurated in 1921 by
 (a) Lord Curzon (b) Lord Wellesley
 (c) Duke of Cannaught (d) Duke of Wellington
12. Mahad Satyagraha was led by:
 (a) Mahatma Gandhi (b) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar
 (c) Acharya Vinoba Bhave (d) Bal Gangadhar Tilak
13. The Treaty of Seringapatam is associated with which of the following wars?
 (a) Second Anglo-Maratha War (b) Third Anglo-Mysore War
 (c) Third Anglo-Maratha War (d) Fourth Anglo-Mysore War
14. With reference to the relations of the Princely states with British Crown, which among the following report said that "Paramouncy must remain paramount"?
 (a) Hunter Commission Report (b) Strachey Commission Report
 (c) Butler Commission Report (d) Campbell Commission Report
15. Bhagat Singh, Rajguru and Sukhdev along with Jaigopal were involved in which among the following conspiracy case?
 (a) kanpur Conspiracy Case (b) Lahore Conspiracy Case
 (c) Bhagalapur Conspiracy Case (d) Alipore Bomb case

16. Who among the following is known as Father of Muslim Renaissance in Bengal?
(a) Syed Ahmad Khan (b) Ameer Ali
(c) Nawab Abdul Latif Khan (d) Nawab Samiullah Khan
17. The leader of revolt of 1857 in Lucknow was ___?
(a) Taty Tope (b) Maulvi Ahmadullah Shah
(c) Birjis Qadir (d) Begum Hazrat Mahal
18. The Battle of Chillianwalla was a part of?
(a) Anglo-Maratha Wars (b) Anglo-Carnatic Wars
(c) Anglo-French Wars (d) Anglo-Sikh Wars
19. Who among the following is known as the "Saint of Dakshineswar"?
(a) Ramkrishna Paramahansa (b) Swami Vivekananda
(c) Swami Dayanand Saraswati (d) Saint Tikaram
20. For election to the Lok Sabha, a nomination paper can be filed by
(a) anyone residing in India.
(b) a resident of the constituency from which the election is to be contented.
(c) any citizen of India whose name appears in the electoral roll of a constituency.
(d) any citizen of India.

ANSWERS

1. (b) 2. (d) 3. (a) 4. (a) 5. (d) 6. (a) 7. (a) 8. (d) 9. (c) 10. (d)
11. (c) 12. (b) 13. (b) 14. (c) 15. (b) 16. (c) 17. (d) 18. (d) 19. (a) 20. (c)

ALL THE POWER IS WITHIN YOU; YOU CAN DO ANYTHING AND EVERYTHING BELIEVE IN THAT; DON'T BELIEVE THAT YOU ARE WEAK. STAND UP AND EXPRESS THE DIVINITY WITHIN YOU"

